Web Application Firewall
Getting Started Guide

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Why Use a Web Application Firewall

HTTP(S) is the foundation of data communication for the World Wide Web, and functions as a request-response protocol for communications. Mobile apps, cloud computing, API communications, Intranet applications and webmail are common tools we use every day. These applications are all communicating over HTTP(S).

Qualys provides applications that allow you to scan and identify vulnerabilities - Qualys Vulnerability Management (VM) and Qualys Web Application Scanning (WAS).

Experience shows that patching web site source code can take longer than expected, depending on the affected component, development resources, and how agile the company is in applying and validating software updates.

That’s where Qualys Web Application Firewall (WAF) comes in. This is an immediate remediation tool that is able to protect your web applications against attacks and gives your development team time to fix important security issues.

Using WAF users can deploy multiple firewall instances for their web applications. Each firewall consists of a virtual appliance that is configured to reverse proxy your HTTP(S) traffic. This appliance will be located in your virtualization platform (Amazon EC2, Microsoft Azure, Google Cloud, VMware or Hyper-V) on a server or docker (container), and will be instantiated from a Qualys image. We’ll walk you through the steps in this user guide.
The Qualys Advantage

Qualys offers a powerful, next generation web application firewall that uses an always up to date security ruleset to secure your web applications. This modern firewall uses a cloud-based approach and provides a classic mode of operation and deployment.

All security events are routed through the Qualys Cloud Platform. They are continuously monitored and analyzed by our security researchers in order to compute the best ruleset for blocking the latest attacks and zero-day vulnerabilities. Qualys WAF users set up security policies for their web applications based on rules to filter, monitor, block and report on events.

Qualys WAF makes it easy to understand the security of all your web applications at once. A concise visual dashboard summarizes the various events that have occurred, when they took place and where they came from. Easily get interactive insights into potential threats and find detailed information on each potential threat and how to address it.
Get Started

Start protecting your web applications and blocking attacks now! We’ll help you do this quickly.

Log in to your Qualys account and choose WAF

You’ll see our Quick Start Guide the first time you log in - just follow the steps to get started. You’ll find tutorials and links to other helpful information.

Tip Get back to the Quick Start Guide anytime - it’s on the user name menu.
Create WAF Cluster

A WAF cluster is the pivot between the web application and the appliance it is being proxied through. It is a group of one or more WAF appliances (or proxy-set). A WAF Cluster can contain several appliances, but each will act as standalone, while processing the traffic exactly the same way across all the appliances that are registered with the named Cluster. A Web Application can be proxied over several clusters.

**Note:** When a configuration change is detected in any of the web applications, the WAF appliance receives the configurations for all the deployed web applications. When the WAF server receives the configuration changes, it reloads the configuration at runtime to apply the changes. The time that the WAF server takes to reload the configuration depends on the size of the configuration, which in turn depends on the number of web applications and the customized behavior settings configured on each web application.

To avoid the frequent updates that may cause latency, we recommend limiting the number of web applications deployed for each WAF appliance to 10. If you keep the number of web applications deployed on each WAF appliance smaller, you will have a better WAF experience.

It’s easy to create a WAF Cluster. Go to WAF Appliances > WAF Clusters and click the New WAF Cluster button.

Enter an arbitrary name. To help with cluster management you can add description and assign tags.
For error responses you can choose to show the default WAF error page (404), or define a custom response or a redirection code (301 or 302) along with a location. Selecting Block will display the default WAF error page.

Whenever a request is addressed to a nonexistent FQDN, you can choose to display the default WAF error page, a custom response page or you can redirect the request towards a specified location. This happens if a malicious user forges a request with a false host header or the host requested is missing in the alias configured for your web site.

You can provide the IP address/range/network of trusted origin proxies or load balancers configured in full-proxy mode. If the request is not from a trusted source the X-Forwarded-For header values are automatically discarded. If you do not provide IP addresses for trusted origin proxies or load balancers, then IP addresses as per RFC1918 are trusted.

You can schedule automatic updates for appliances registered to this cluster. See Schedule appliance auto-update.

Once your cluster is created it shows up on the UI under the WAF Appliances > WAF Clusters tab. To view information about various cluster statuses and their meanings, click Help > Online Help and then on the Manage WAF clusters page, click Tell me about cluster status. The status means the cluster does not have any WAF appliances assigned to it yet (we’ll do this soon).
Notice the Registration Code. You’ll use this to register your WAF cluster when you configure a WAF appliance.
Explore Security Policies

The security policy you assign to your web application determines the WAF inspection criteria and sensitivity level - this impacts what violation we’ll report for your web application and whether or not we’ll flag the traffic as malicious.

Good to know

Only one security policy can be assigned to each web application.

Choose from out-of-the box policy templates provided by Qualys with this release - Drupal, Joomla, Wordpress, and OWA. Built-in Templates and System Policies are not modifiable.

Or start with a blank policy and customize the policy settings. You can create multiple policies and assign them to your various web applications (one to each web app).

Go to Security > Policies and click the New Policy button.
Our wizard will help you with the settings.

**Application Security** - Configure a sensitivity rating (20 to 80) for the various detection categories. This impacts what inspection will be performed by filtering potentially noisy events.

**Policy Controls** - Set threat level thresholds (1 to 100) for logging and blocking. This impacts what events we will log and block.
Create application profiles

Qualys WAF now allows you to create reusable profiles for settings which can be commonly used by multiple web applications. Reusable profiles can be created for Web server pools, healthcheck parameters, SSL certificates, and HTTP protocol filters.

Good to know
For each web application in your account you’ll assign 1 profile of each type, i.e. Web server pool, healthcheck, SSL certificate, and HTTP protocol filters.

Web Server Pool Profile

Don’t have a dedicated load balancer? No worries, with newly introduced web server pools, Qualys WAF can now load balance traffic between multiple origin servers. Alternatively, if your web application resides on a docker (container), enable Docker platform to provide docker information. You can choose one web server pool per web application.

Go to Web Applications > Web Servers and click the New Web Servers button.

For docker support, specify the docker image ID. This will create a pool of all containers spawned from the docker image.

For Web servers, add one or more servers in the pool, having common port and protocol.
You can use weights for WAF to distribute the request load to various servers in the Web Server Pool. Simply add the weight (number) beside the server address. You can add weights to your existing pool as well. Default is 1. Maximum allowed value is 256.

Consider a pool consisting of four origin servers with the weights 1, 2, 3 and 3. The total weights assigned to all servers is 9. WAF distributes 1/9th of total load to server 1, then 2/9th of total load to server 2, and so on.

Then choose the load balancing method to determine which server receives the connection.

**Healthcheck Profile**

Create healthcheck profiles to monitor application’s availability against your web servers (containers). You’ll choose one healthcheck profile per Web Application. It will be executed against all the web servers listed in the server pool, or against all containers spawned from the docker image ID, according to a user-defined frequency. If one backend web server (container) fails the healthcheck after X attempts, it will be considered down and no request will be steered to it until the service is back. Meanwhile, the firewall will keep probing the backend.

Consequently, if all backend web servers (containers) fail the healthcheck, they will all be considered as down by the firewall, thus leading to application unavailability – meaning the WAF will stop forwarding the traffic on server-side. Instead, it will respond to the client with a user-defined HTTP response code. This “failure response code” is set within the Web Application itself, in the Application tab.

Go to Web Applications > Healthchecks and click the New Healthcheck button.

While creating a healthcheck profile, specify the preferred HTTP method to query the application, the URL path to be checked, and the response code returned for success. You can also specify the “up” and “down” intervals and occurrences to fix the frequency of the
probes, along with the amount of successes or failures before changing backend web server’s status. Based on the healthcheck result, the server status is set to active or inactive.

The WAF appliances tab displays the healthcheck status for all servers covered by an appliance. This server healthcheck information is grouped by each web application that the appliance monitors.

**SSL Certificate Profile**

Declare SSL materials used by your web applications on client-side.

Go to Web Applications > SSL Certificates and click the New SSL Profile button.
Create application profiles

Custom Response Pages

Provide a PFX (PKCS12) or a PEM file, or simply copy-paste the contents of the PEM certificate, private key, and passphrase directly into the UI.

The private key will be encrypted with the newly generated WAF SSL Passphrase. Copy-paste the 64 byte passphrase to your appliance “waf_ssl_passphrase” environment variable.

In the CA Certificate section, provide chained / intermediate certificate in PEM format.


Custom Response Pages

Display a custom page instead of the default WAF error page, if your security policy blocks a particular section or a page on your web site or if a request cannot be routed to your origin server.

Go to Web Applications > Custom Response Pages and click the New Custom Response Page button.
Create application profiles

HTTP Profile

In the Configuration panel’s Response Page Body, paste your response in HTML format.

This custom response can now be reused for multiple web applications and appliance clusters. Simply select your custom response page in the web application wizard, and the WAF cluster wizard.

**HTTP Profile**

Set up an HTTP profile to filter protocol oriented attributes (methods, content-type, declarative security, and information leakage attributes). You can choose one HTTP profile per web application.
Go to Security > HTTP Profiles and click the New HTTP Profile button.

**HTTP Protocol** - Configure HTTP protocol analysis for the policy.

**Web Services Protection**
Enable XML/JSON parsing in HTTP profiles to validate that transmitted payload is XML/JSON compliant.

**Information Leakage** -
Choose options for server cloaking, sensitive header suppression.

**Declarative Security** -
Configure responses to cookies, content-type sniffing and browser cross-site scripting.
Define Your Web Application

Tell us about the web application you want to monitor.

Go to Web Applications and click the New Web Application button.

Choose Blank and we’ll help you build the web asset from scratch.

**Tip** Is the web asset already in your subscription? Use Existing Asset to save time! (You’ll just enter WAF settings.)
1) **Asset Details** Give your web asset a name, tell us the primary URL, add custom attributes if any, and assign tags (optional).

![Web Application Creation](image)

**Tip** Turn on help tips (in the title bar) and we’ll show you useful tips as you hover over the various

2) **Application** Set secondary URLs, and then select the reusable profiles created for Web Server pool and SSL Certificate. You can create new profiles directly from this wizard.

![Web Application Creation](image)

**Tip** Optionally select a Healthcheck profile and set the failure response code.

Select the SSL profile, appropriate protocols, security levels, and ciphers. An SSL profile contains details about the required security certificate. List of available ciphers depends on the selected protocols and security levels. For SSL Certificates, we support TLS 1.0, TLS 1.1, TLS 1.2 and TLS 1.3 protocols. The default protocols are TLS 1.1, 1.2 and TLS 1.3 and default security filters are Strong and Good. Ciphers are used in the order in which they are displayed.
3) **Security** Select an action, and then select or create security policy and HTTP profiles. Selecting Block with Custom Response allows you to display a custom message to the user if your security policy blocks a particular section or a page on your web site. Select a custom response page that you have created.

Then add one or more custom rules to allow or block access to certain web application resources.

![Web Application Creation](image)

4) **WAF clusters** Select a cluster to deploy your web app in. A cluster contains one or more appliances (reverse-proxies).

**Note:** When a configuration change is detected in any of the web applications, the WAF appliance receives the configurations for all the deployed web applications. When the WAF server receives the configuration changes, it reloads the configuration at runtime to apply the changes. The time that the WAF server takes to reload the configuration depends on the size of the configuration, which in turn depends on the number of web applications and the customized behavior settings configured on each web application.

To avoid the frequent updates that may cause latency, we recommend limiting the number of web applications deployed for each WAF appliance to 10. If you keep the number of web applications deployed on each WAF appliance smaller, you will have a better WAF experience.
It’s possible for multiple WAF clusters to monitor the same web application.

Once your web application is created it shows up on the UI under the Web Applications tab. To view information about various web application statuses and their meanings, click Help > Online Help and then on the Start monitoring your web applications page, click **Tell me about status**.
Configure WAF Appliance

You’ll add a WAF virtual appliance and configure it for your WAF cluster within your environment (Amazon EC2, Microsoft Azure, Google Cloud, VMware or Microsoft Hyper-V) on a server or docker (container).

Good to know
- A WAF cluster can be assigned as many WAF appliances as your subscription allows guaranteeing high availability and/or fault tolerance in your firewalling operations.
- When a configuration change is detected in any of the web applications, the WAF appliance receives the configurations for all the deployed web applications. When the WAF server receives the configuration changes, it reloads the configuration at runtime to apply the changes. The time that the WAF server takes to reload the configuration depends on the size of the configuration, which in turn depends on the number of web applications and the customized behavior settings configured on each web application.
- To avoid the frequent updates that may cause latency, we recommend limiting the number of web applications deployed for each WAF appliance to 10. If you keep the number of web applications deployed on each WAF appliance smaller, you will have a better WAF experience.

Tell me the steps
1) Add a new WAF Appliance for your WAF cluster. Just go to WAF Appliances > WAF Appliances, click New WAF Appliance, and we’ll walk you through the steps.

![WAF Appliances](image)


Once your appliance is registered it shows up on the UI under the WAF Appliances tab. To view information about various appliance statuses and their meanings, click Help > Online Help and then on the Manage WAF appliances page, click Tell me about appliance status.

Firewall rules / EC2 security groups
- Allow HTTP(S) traffic (TCP-80,443; or any other) to the WAF appliance from Internet.
- Allow SSH (TCP-22) to the WAF appliance from a trusted management network only.
- Allow minimum access to the origin web server(s): only the WAF appliance ip address should be granted access to web servers’ production [ip:port]. Any direct access should be strictly limited to the administration network only.
Load balancer considerations
- Load balancers should be configured to hand off to WAF cluster nodes so we can appropriately configure redundancy within the infrastructure.
- The WAF appliance functions as a reverse proxy. It is important that any DNS configurations, firewall NAT or load balancer configurations are set to forward traffic towards the WAF appliance. It will then inspect incoming request, and based on your configuration, hand it off to the appropriate origin server.

Upgrading WAF appliances
We regularly release scanner appliance software to bring you our latest features and improvements. When software updates are available use the cluster Upgrade option to upgrade all Scanner Appliances registered to that cluster. You can now choose to auto-update the appliances registered with a cluster. See Upgrading WAF clusters.
Configure Your Web Environment

Be sure to get traffic to your WAF appliance - configure load balancers and/or DNS as needed to direct traffic to your WAF cluster for inspection.

We recommend you check to be sure your WAF cluster has an active status. Go to WAF Appliances > WAF Clusters.

- Status ◯ means the cluster does not have any WAF appliances assigned to it.
- Status ● means the cluster has appliances registered, none are inactive, and the cluster protects at least one site.

Sample WAF Clusters list
We’re Now Monitoring Your Web Application!

Check out the security events (violations) we’ve found on your web application. To discover more about an event, double-click the event or click View in the Quick Actions.

You can view detailed information about each potential threat. Review the event details and take actions from the menu, i.e. mark the event as Flagged, False Positive, or Not Applicable.

Tip - Clicking on a QID will take you to Qualys comprehensive KnowledgeBase which provides additional information about each threat and how to address it.
Add Exceptions

Use Exceptions when you identify a false-positive or false-negative event. A false-positive is a legitimate request that has been unexpectedly blocked. A false-negative is a non-legitimate request that has been authorized while it shouldn’t have.

With Qualys WAF you can flag an event as a false-positive. To do that, go to Events > Event List, select an event, click on the arrow and select “Mark as False positive”. Bear in mind this is a simple marker, it does not impact traffic processing behavior.

To create an exception, select an event, click on the arrow and select “Create exception” or select this option from the Actions menu when viewing an event.

Exceptions are created in the form of custom rules.
Rule details and conditions for the custom rule are auto populated based on the event. By default, the action for an exception is Allow or Block (the opposite of the original event's action).

Exceptions once created are linked to the web application. To view them, simply click View in the Quick Actions for a web application, and then click the Security pane.

Deleting an exception from WAF events list does not remove the associated WAF custom rule. You can use the custom rule in the future for similar web applications.
Add Virtual Patches

Use Virtual Patches upon vulnerability detection by the Web Application Scanning module. To do that, select the WAS module, go to Web Applications > Detections, click on the arrow and select "Install Patch".

Virtual Patches are created in the form of custom rules.
Rule details and conditions for the custom rule are auto populated based on the detection. By default, the action for a virtual patch is Block.

Virtual patches once created are linked to the web application. To view them, simply click View in the Quick Actions for a web application, and then click the Security pane. Deleting a virtual patch from WAS detections list does not remove the associated WAF custom rule. You can use the custom rule in the future for similar web applications.
Add Custom Rules

Use Custom Rules to define static traffic workflow. Rules allow you to fully control HTTP transactions in order to adapt the security policy in effect for enterprise constraints. Custom rules replace previous Access Rules and Control Rules.

Go to Security > Rules and click the New Custom Rule button.

We have provided various keys to form conditions for a rule.

Want to see all the available keys? Simply place the cursor in the When field, and press the down arrow key on your keyboard to get a list of all available keys. Syntax help is available for every key.

How do I get started? Press the Down arrow to see the available keys.
How do I add a condition?

- Select a key like client.ip.address.
- Then select an operator. Refer to the WAF online help for information on the DETECT operator.

Click [here](#) for more information on using the MATCH operator.

- Enter a value for your condition in double quotes. In this case we've entered an IP address.

- Press Enter to add your condition. It will look like this.

- Click the Add button to add another condition to your rule.
- Complete the steps to add conditions as needed.
We’ve added 3 conditions for our rule.

Here’s the conditions:

```plaintext
client.ip.address EQUAL "172.26.10.123"
client.tcp.port EQUAL "45678"
transaction.day EQUAL "Sunday"
```

How does this rule work? The rule gets executed only when all conditions are met. Otherwise, the rule gets ignored.

In the actions panel of the wizard, you tell us what action to take when events match the conditions in the rule.

Once created, assign one or more rules to your web application from within the web application wizard. Rules are executed in the order defined in web application settings.

**Good to know**

Rules are parsed from top to bottom, in the order defined in web application settings. Custom rules support regular expressions with PCRE. Character escaping is possible with the backslash (\).
Upgrading WAF clusters

Our service regularly releases scanner appliance software to bring you our latest features and improvements. When software updates are available use the cluster Upgrade option to upgrade all Scanner Appliances registered to that cluster.

The WAF Scanner Appliances by Version graph tells you whether there’s software updates available for your Scanner Appliances. You will see the number of appliances running the latest or outdated versions.

To upgrade a WAF cluster, go to WAF Appliances > WAF cluster, and then click Upgrade in the Quick Actions menu of the cluster that you want to upgrade.

Note: The Upgrade option is not available until the time you have chosen to freeze auto-updates. See Schedule appliance auto-update.

You get a confirmation message displaying the number of appliances registered to the cluster. Click Confirm to upgrade.

To verify successful upgrade, check the WAF Scanner Appliances by Version graph. The number of appliances you have upgraded should get added to the number of Appliances with latest version or higher.
Schedule appliance auto-update

You can choose when the appliances registered with a cluster get auto-updated. Select days of the week and the start time. By default, auto-update is enabled for all days of the week.

You can choose to freeze auto-updates until a specific date. Auto-updates are stopped up to the end date and then resumed.

Simply go to WAF Appliances > WAF Cluster, create a new cluster or edit an existing cluster, and then click Automatic Updates.

In the clusters table, hovering over the icon in the Last Update column shows the time when the next scheduled update is planned.
Upgrading WAF clusters
Schedule appliance auto-update
Upgrading specific WAF appliances

You can upgrade specific WAF appliances manually. It is recommended not to upgrade a WAF appliance if the associated cluster is in freeze period. See Schedule appliance auto-update.

To upgrade a specific appliance, go to WAF Appliances > WAF Appliances, and then select Upgrade from the Quick Actions menu of the appliance.
Contact Support

Qualys is committed to providing you with the most thorough support. Through online documentation, telephone help, and direct email support, Qualys ensures that your questions will be answered in the fastest time possible. We support you 7 days a week, 24 hours a day. Access online support information at www.qualys.com/support/.