Container Security
User Guide
Version 1.11

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About this Guide

Welcome to Qualys Container Security! We’ll help you get acquainted with the Qualys solutions for securing your Container environments like Images, Containers and Docker Hosts using the Qualys Cloud Security Platform.

About Qualys

Qualys, Inc. (NASDAQ: QLYS) is a pioneer and leading provider of cloud-based security and compliance solutions. The Qualys Cloud Platform and its integrated apps help businesses simplify security operations and lower the cost of compliance by delivering critical security intelligence on demand and automating the full spectrum of auditing, compliance and protection for IT systems and web applications.

Founded in 1999, Qualys has established strategic partnerships with leading managed service providers and consulting organizations including Accenture, BT, Cognizant Technology Solutions, Deutsche Telekom, Fujitsu, HCL, HP Enterprise, IBM, Infosys, NTT, Optiv, SecureWorks, Tata Communications, Verizon and Wipro. The company is also founding member of the Cloud Security Alliance (CSA). For more information, please visit www.qualys.com

Qualys Support

Qualys is committed to providing you with the most thorough support. Through online documentation, telephone help, and direct email support, Qualys ensures that your questions will be answered in the fastest time possible. We support you 7 days a week, 24 hours a day. Access online support information at www.qualys.com/support/.

About Container Security Documentation

This document provides information about using the Qualys Container Security UI to monitor vulnerabilities in Images, Containers, and Registries.

For information on deploying the sensor on MAC, CoreOS, and various orchestrators and cloud environments, refer to:

Qualys Container Sensor Deployment Guide

For information on using the Container Security API, refer to:

Qualys Container Security API Guide

For information on deploying the sensor in CI/CD environments refer to:

Qualys Container Scanning Connector for Jenkins
Qualys Container Scanning Connector for Bamboo
Container Security Overview

Qualys Container Security provides discovery, tracking, and continuously protecting container environments. This addresses vulnerability management for images and containers in their DevOps pipeline and deployments across cloud and on-premise environments.

With this version, Qualys Container Security supports:
- Discovery, inventory, and near-real time tracking of container environments
- Vulnerability analysis for images and containers
- Vulnerability analysis for registries
- Compliance assessment for images and containers (when this feature is enabled)
- Integration with CI/CD pipeline using APIs (DevOps flow)
- Uses ‘Container Sensor’ – providing native container support, distributed as docker image
Concepts and Terminologies

Docker Image
A Docker image is a read-only template. For example, an image could contain an Ubuntu operating system with Apache and your web application installed. Images are used to create Docker containers. Docker provides a simple way to build new images or update existing images, or you can download Docker images that other people have already created. Docker images are the build component of Docker.

An image is a static specification what the container should be in runtime, including the application code inside the container and runtime configuration settings. Docker images contain read-only layers, which means once an image is created it is never modified.

Image is tracked within Qualys Container Security module using Image Id and also a unique identifier generated by Qualys called Image UUID.

Docker Registry
Docker registries hold images. These are public or private stores from which you upload or download images. It serves a huge collection of existing images for your use. These can be images you create yourself or you can use images that others have previously created. Docker registries are the distribution component of Docker.

We support scanning the following registries:
- **Public registries**: Docker Hub, AWS ECR, GCR, ACR (Azure)
- **Private registries**: v2-private registry
  - Docker Private Registry: insecure (http), secure (auth + https).
  - jfrog-artifactory

Note: Using http requires customers to manually configure their docker-engine for the registry. Qualys does not recommend using http and it’s intended more for testing in dev environments.

For instrumentation support, see Container Runtime Security.
Docker Containers

Docker containers are similar to a directory. A Docker container holds everything that is needed for an application to run. Each container is created from a Docker image. Docker containers can be run, started, stopped, moved, and deleted. Each container is an isolated and secure application platform. Docker containers are the run component of Docker.

A running Docker container is an instantiation of an image. Containers derived from the same image are identical to each other in terms of their application code and runtime dependencies. But unlike images that are read-only, each running container includes a writable layer (a.k.a. the container layer) on top of the read-only content. Runtime changes, including any writes and updates to data and files, are saved in the container layer only. Thus multiple concurrent running containers that share the same underlying image may have different container layers.

Containers are tracked within Qualys Container Security module using Container Id and also a unique identifier generated by Qualys called Container UUID.

Docker Host

Hosts or servers running docker daemon and hosting containers and images. Qualys tracks them as Host Assets, collects the metadata including IP address, DNS and other attributes of the Host. A host in Qualys is identified by a unique identifier Host UUID. The UUID is also stored in a marker file under /usr/local/qualys directory by the Agent or a scan with authentication via a Scanner Appliance.

Qualys Container Sensor

Qualys Container Sensor is designed for native support of Docker environments. Sensor is packaged and delivered as a Docker Image. Download the image and deploy it as a Container alongside with other application containers on the host.

The sensor is docker based, can be deployed on hosts in your data center or cloud environments like AWS ECS, Azure Container Service or Google Container Service. Sensor currently is only supported on Linux Operating systems like CentOS, Ubuntu, RHEL, Debian and requires docker daemon of version 1.12 and higher to be available.
Since they are docker based, the sensor can be deployed into orchestration tool environments like Kubernetes, Mesos or Docker Swarm just like any other application container.

Upon installation, the sensor does automatic discovery of Images and Containers on the deployed host, provides a vulnerability analysis of them, and additionally it monitors and reports on the docker related events on the host. The sensor also performs compliance assessments when the compliance scanning feature is enabled. The sensor container runs in non-privileged mode. It requires a persistent storage for storing and caching files.

Currently, the sensor only scans Images and Containers. To scan Hosts, you would require Qualys Cloud Agents or a scan through Qualys Virtual Scanner Appliance. Currently doesn’t do inventory collection specific to orchestration tools and identifies the nodes/slaves as just docker hosts.

What data does Container Security collect?

The Qualys Container Security sensor fetches the following information about Images and Containers in your environment:

**Inventory of Images and Containers** in your environment from commands such as docker ps that lists all containers.

**Metadata information** about Images and Containers from commands such as docker inspect and docker info that fetches low level information on docker objects.

**Event information** about Images and Containers from the docker host for docker events like created, started, killed, push, pull, etc.

**Vulnerabilities** found on Images and Containers. This is the output of the vulnerability management manifests run for identifying vulnerability information in Images and Containers. This is primarily software package listing, services running, ports, etc. For example, package manager outputs like rpm -qa, npm. This is supported across various Linux distributions (CentOS, Ubuntu, CoreOS, etc) and across images like Python, NodeJS, Ruby, and so on.

**Compliance configurations** for OCI compliant images, running containers. We are supporting a subset of controls from CIS Docker benchmarks, which are applicable to running containers and images. Customers can assess configuration risks in their running containers and images and remediate them accordingly based on the Qualys finding. The compliance scans of containers, images will be transparent to customers and will function in a similar real-time cloud native manner like the vulnerability scanning feature.
Container Security free version

Qualys has introduced a free version of the Container Security App to enable customers to get a glimpse of what Container Security offers. The free version provides you a view of containers and images in your environment. You must upgrade to a Container Security paid subscription if you want to scan those images and containers for vulnerabilities.

Container Security gets image and container information from either of the following sources if the host contains Docker:

Cloud Agents / Scanners
Cloud Agents installed on hosts or Scanners (via Authenticated Scans) will fetch a list of containers and images present on the host, and provide this information in the AssetView app for each asset under the Asset Details > Container Security pane.

Click the **Take me to Container Security** option to enable Container Security free version for your account.

The Container Security app will show metadata of the images and containers but not the vulnerability information. You must upgrade to a paid subscription in order to scan the images and containers for vulnerabilities.

See Hosts

Container Sensor
Installing the Container Sensor on hosts will fetch vulnerability information for all official images from Docker Hub, and the first 10 general sensors installed on assets in your account (does not include sensors for CI/CD and registry scanning). Upgrading to a Trial or Full (Paid) subscription will remove this limitation.
API Support

APIs to list Containers, Images and Sensors, and fetch Container, Image, Sensor Details are available for Container Security Free. Upgrade to a paid subscription to get access to all Container Security APIs. Please refer to the Qualys Container Security API Guide.

Container Runtime Security

Container Runtime Security (CRS) is a separately licensed feature in the Container Security (CS) module. It provides runtime behavior visibility & enforcement capabilities for running containers. This allows customers to address various use cases for running containers around security best practice enforcement, file access monitoring, network access control.

CRS requires instrumentation of container images with the Qualys Container Runtime Instrumentation, which injects probes into the container image. Customers can configure instrumented images, containers with granular policies which govern container behavior, visibility. Based on these runtime enforcement policies - runtime events, telemetry can be viewed obtained from the backend via UI, API.

CRS is not activated by default for existing or new customers. Currently CRS is supported only for Linux OS based containers only. If you are interested in this feature, please contact your Qualys Account Manager or Qualys Support.

CRS Documentation

CRS User Guide | CRS API Guide
Get Started

This chapter provides an overview of Container Security Sensor installation.

For information on deploying the sensor on MAC, CoreOS, and various orchestrators and cloud environments, refer to the Qualys Container Sensor Deployment Guide.

See About Container Security Documentation

Qualys Subscription and Modules required

You would require “Container Security” (CS) module enabled for your account. Additionally, in order to get vulnerabilities for the hosts that run the containers, you would need to enable Vulnerability Management (VM), either via Scanner Appliance or Cloud Agent.

System support

Please refer to the Qualys Container Security Sensor Deployment Guide for a list of supported systems.

Deploying Container Sensor

IMPORTANT: Sensor deployment is one sensor in one mode on one host/node. Deploying more than one sensor or more than one sensor in another mode is not supported.

Let’s get started! Log into your Qualys portal with your user credentials. Select Container Security from the module picker.

As a first time user, you’ll land directly into the Getting Started page.
Get Started

Deploying Container Sensor

Go to Configurations > Sensors, and then click Download Sensor to download the sensor tar file. You can see various sensor types:

- **General (Host) Sensor**: Scan any host other than registry / build (CI/CD).
- **Registry Sensor**: Scan images in a registry (public / private).
- **Build (CI/CD) Sensor**: Scan images on CI/CD pipeline (Jenkins / Bamboo).

For Registry you need to append the install command with `--registry-sensor` or `-r`.
For CI/CD you need to append the install command with `--cicd-deployed-sensor` or `-c`.

Download the QualysContainerSensor.tar.xz file and run the commands generated directly from the screen on the docker host. Note the requirements for installing the sensor, the sensor needs a minimum of 1 GB persistent storage on the host.

For information on the “installsensor.sh” script command line parameters, refer to the “Deploying Container Sensor” section in the Qualys Container Security Sensor Deployment Guide.
Proxy Support

The install script asks for proxy configuration. You need to provide the IP Address/FQDN and port number along with the proxy certificate file path. For example,

Do you want connection via Proxy [y/N]: y
Enter Https Proxy settings [IP Address]:Port]: 10.xxx.xx.xx:3xxx
Enter Https Proxy certificate file path: /etc/qualys/cloud-agent/cert/ca-bundle.crt

Your proxy server must provide access to the Qualys Cloud Platform (or the Qualys Private Cloud Platform) over HTTPS port 443. Go to Help > About to see the URL your hosts need to access.

Sensor network configuration

The sensor is pre-configured with the Qualys URL and the subscription details it needs to communicate to. In order for the sensor to communicate to Qualys, the network configuration and firewall needs to provide accessibility to Qualys domain over port 443.

After successful installation of the Sensor, the sensor is listed under Configurations > Sensors where you can see its version, status, etc. and access details.

Additionally, you can Download the sensor from the link under Configurations > Sensors.

Static scanning of Docker images

The sensor will perform static scanning for docker images as a fallback mechanism to current dynamic scanning in case docker images does not have a shell. Static scanning will not be performed on Docker container or Docker images having a shell.

Static scanning collects the list of installed software from the Docker image file system to find vulnerabilities in the Docker images. The installed software list is retrieved from the Package manager metadata files. Package managers supported are RPM, DPKG and Alpine.
Securing Container Assets

Asset Inventory

Upon installation of the sensor, it automatically scans the host for the images and containers that are present on the host. The inventory and the metadata of the inventory is pushed to Qualys portal.

Unified Dashboard

Dashboards help you visualize your container environment assets, see your threat exposure, leverage saved searches, and fix priority of vulnerabilities quickly.

We have integrated Unified Dashboard (UD) with Container Security. UD brings information from all Qualys applications into a single place for visualization. UD provides a powerful new dashboarding framework along with platform service that will be consumed and used by all other products to enhance the existing dashboard capabilities.

You can use the default Container Security dashboard provided by Qualys or easily configure widgets to pull information from other modules/applications and add them to your dashboard. You can also add as many dashboards as you like to customize your view. For help creating widgets, dashboards, templates and more, please refer to the Unified Dashboard online help.
Asset Details

The Assets section lists the Images and Containers discovered along with their metadata information like ports, networks, services, users, installed software, etc. The assets are listed along with their associations like associated containers and hosts for an image, other containers from the same parent image. Users can search for images and containers based on their attributes.

Jump to a section: Hosts | Images | Containers | Registries

Hosts

The Assets > Hosts tab shows container hosts discovered, scanned by the Qualys Cloud Agent and/or Qualys Network Scanner. Currently, container hosts discovered, scanned only by the Qualys Container Sensor are not shown in this list. It is recommended you use the Images or Containers tabs for these. Additionally, Qualys Container sensors currently only support hosts and clusters with Linux-based host OSes and Mac OS.

For each host in the list, you'll see the image and container count. Image and container details can be viewed in their respective tabs.

Access the details page for a host from the Sensor details page. Asset Details view displays information about the host on which the sensor is deployed. Besides system, network, and port information, the Asset Details view also displays a list of software installed on the host, vulnerabilities present, certificates, and Threat Protection RTIs (when Qualys TP app is enabled). Container Security panel shows all containers installed on the host, their status, and the images from which the containers are spawned.
Securing Container Assets
Asset Details

Images

The Assets > Images tab shows the discovered images along with their metadata information. Note that the Compliance column and other compliance details only appear in accounts with the compliance scanning feature is enabled.

Select View Details from the Quick Actions menu for any image in the list to get comprehensive information about the image. You can view detailed information about the image, its associations with containers, drift containers, and hosts.

- The Installed Software section displays software having vulnerabilities, and for which fixes (patches) are available.

- The Vulnerabilities section provides vulnerability information, such as confirmed and potential vulnerabilities with their severity. For each vulnerability you’ll see the vulnerability age (in days). Age is calculated from the point Qualys published the vulnerability.
- The Compliance section appears when the compliance scanning feature is enabled for your subscription. Here you’ll see the list of controls that were scanned with control details (CID, criticality, statement, category, technologies).

- The Layers section displays a list of layers the image is made of.

Containers

The Assets > Containers tab shows the discovered containers along with their metadata information. Note that the Compliance column and other compliance details only appear in accounts with the compliance scanning feature is enabled.

Select View Details from the Quick Actions menu for any container in the list to get comprehensive information about the container. You’ll get detailed information about the container, its associations with an image, drift containers, and hosts.
- Container “State” is updated based on the docker events (exec_start, kill, destroy, stop) that Qualys Sensor reports to Qualys Cloud Platform.

- The Services/Users section displays the list of services available in the container and users associated with the container.

- The Installed Software section displays software having vulnerabilities, and for which fixes (patches) are available.

- The Vulnerabilities section provides vulnerability information, such as confirmed and potential vulnerabilities with their severity. For each vulnerability you’ll see the vulnerability age (in days). Age is calculated from the point Qualys published the vulnerability.

- The Compliance section appears when the compliance scanning feature is enabled for your subscription. Here you’ll see the list of controls that were scanned with control details (CID, criticality, statement, category, technologies).

Registries

The **Assets > Registries** tab shows the registries in your account.
Select **View Details** from the Quick Actions menu for any registry in the list to get comprehensive information about the registry. You can view detailed information about the registry: number of repositories, total number of images and number of vulnerable images within that registry. The Scan Jobs panel lists the On Demand and Automatic Jobs created for that registry. For more information, see **Registry Scanning**.

### Vulnerability scanning of Docker Images

The docker images are scanned to check the presence of any vulnerabilities by the Qualys container sensor. The vulnerabilities panel in Image Details provides a list of vulnerabilities with Severity along with their QIDs. Select **Show Patchable Vulnerabilities** to view vulnerabilities with available patches.

Qualys scans the docker images for vulnerabilities not through static analysis but via a non-static method, where it looks at the Image as a complete entity. This process is more effective and has lesser false positives (FP) than the more commonly used Static Analysis.
Docker Images are found distributed across the environment from developer laptops, build systems, Image Registry to being cached on the docker hosts running Containers. To scan for vulnerabilities you would need the Container Sensor deployed on the host asset.

To get an inventory of the images and scan them for vulnerabilities, deploy the container sensor on the host. Refer to Deploying Container Sensor for the install instructions and system requirements.

**On the local host or laptops**

To get an inventory of the images and scan them for vulnerabilities, deploy the container sensor on the local host. Refer to Deploying Container Sensor for the install instructions and system requirements

To deploy the Sensor on the Mac laptops, there are additional install steps - follow the instructions in the Qualys Container Security Sensor Deployment Guide. See About Container Security Documentation.

Upon Installation the sensor automatically detects the images, and provides -inventory and vulnerability scans of the image.

**In the CI/CD pipeline**

Doing a complete check of vulnerabilities in an image during the build time ensures a lot cleaner operating environment. Qualys Container Security provides a plugin for Jenkins and Bamboo to get the vulnerability analysis of images in the build environment. If you are using other tools you can use the REST APIs available to perform vulnerability analysis on the images.

To start, deploy the Container Sensor on the Build host where the images are being created. The sensor upon install would automatically trigger a vulnerability analysis of the new images found. Use the API or the plug-in to look for vulnerabilities in the Images. If you are in Jenkins or Bamboo environment, the plug-in would provide detail list of the vulnerabilities and its details directly within the plug-in, you could optionally access your Qualys subscription to view the full report.

**In the Registry**

Currently, the Qualys Container Sensor doesn’t automatically poll or pull images to do an analysis. Rather you would be needed to deploy the sensor on the host that is configured to pull images from the registry. Either manually or via a cron pull the new images to the host. The sensor does an automatic analysis as soon as it finds a new image. Use the APIs or the Qualys portal to query for the vulnerabilities identified.
Securing Container Assets
Vulnerability scanning of Docker Containers

Vulnerability scanning of Docker Containers

The containers are scanned to check the presence of any vulnerabilities within the containers. The Vulnerabilities panel in Container Details provides a list of vulnerabilities with Severity along with their QIDs. Select **Show Patchable Vulnerabilities** to view vulnerabilities with available patches.

![Vulnerabilities panel](image)

Good to know

**Drift Containers** are those which contain vulnerabilities or software, not found in the image from which the container is spawned.

**Rogue Vulnerabilities** are classified as either New, Fixed or Varied. New are those which are newly found on the containers, but were not present in the image from which the container is spawned. Fixed, are the vulnerabilities that are not found in the container but in the image. Varied, are the vulnerabilities that are found in both Containers and Images but the detection varies between them.

**Rogue Software** are classified as new or removed. New, software which are found in the Container but not in the image from which the container is spawned. Fixed, Software not seen in the Container but is present in the parent Image.

Vulnerability scanning of Docker Hosts

Container Security Sensor scans Images and Containers for vulnerabilities, and not the actual host machine. You can scan the host via Scanner Appliance or Cloud Agent. Configurations required on the host for using the Cloud Agent are independent of the Sensor. For example, proxy configuration.
Registry Scanning

Registry images are scanned to check the presence of any vulnerabilities by the Qualys container sensor. You can scan public and private registries for vulnerable images.

We support scanning the following registries:

**Public registries**: Docker Hub, AWS ECR, GCR, ACR (Azure)

**Private registries**: v2-private registry
- Docker Private Registry: insecure (http), secure (auth + https).
- Jfrog Artifactory

Note: Using http requires customers to manually configure their docker-engine for the registry. Qualys does not recommend using http and it’s intended more for testing in dev environments.

For instrumentation support, see [Container Runtime Security](#).

Docker host requirements

As a prerequisite you must install the registry sensor on a docker host which has access to the registry to pull images to scan.

**Docker host configuration**

Docker version - 1.12 or later.

Disk space on docker host - Minimum 20 GB of free space on the partition where docker is installed. This is required to scan registry images. Additionally, 1 GB of free space is required for persistent storage.

Connectivity - Docker host should have connectivity to the Registry to be scanned.

To validate connectivity, perform a successful docker login from the host to the Registry.

docker login <registryurl> (No protocol)

For Example,

docker login myregistry.com:5001
Installing Registry Sensor
To download the sensor, simply go to Configurations > Sensors, click Download Sensor and then click Registry.

You need to append --registry-sensor or -r to the sensor install command to install the sensor for registry scan.

Adding a new registry to scan
You need to add a registry in order to scan it for vulnerabilities. Go to Assets > Registries, and click New Registry. Ensure that registry sensor deployed on the docker host is in running state.
In order to perform vulnerability analysis you need to connect to the registries using credentials. You need different types of credentials to connect to different registries. Credential types supported are Token, BasicAuth, DockerHub, AWS.

For AWS ECR, you can create a connector to connect to your AWS account.
For GCR (Google Container Registry), you can create a connector to connect to your GCP account.

For ACR (Azure Container Registry), you can create a connector to connect to your Azure account.
Creating a registry scan schedule

You can choose to scan immediately (On Demand scan) or on an ongoing basis (Automatic scan).

On Demand scan allows you to scan repositories as well as specific images within those repositories.

With Automatic scan, you can scan entire repositories at a set time every day.

You can cancel an ongoing scan by editing the registry and then using the Cancel option from the Quick Actions menu of a scan job. You cannot cancel jobs which are in “Error” or “Finished” state.

Use the Rescan option to restart an OnDemand scan. You cannot restart jobs which are in “Queued” or “Running” state.

Note: You must provide the full repository path up till the last sub-directory containing the images you want to scan.

Tip: The following command helps you to get a list of full repository names that are part of a registry.

curl -u <username>:<password> https://<registry-url>/v2/_catalog

For GCR, the repository name should not include the location information as you have already selected the location in the Create New Registry window.

For example, the repository name should be:

project-Id/repository-name
Registry Scanning
Viewing vulnerable registry images

Once you connect to the registry, Container Security pulls the inventory data and performs vulnerability scans on repositories and images within the registries.

Vulnerable images are listed on the **Images** tab.

To get the total count of vulnerable images in a registry, go to **Registries** tab, and click **View Details** in the Quick Actions Menu of a registry. The Scan Jobs panel shows a list of schedules created for scanning the registry.
Vulnerability Reporting

Create customizable QQL query driven on-demand report jobs. Reports are driven by reporting templates. Currently we support vulnerability report templates for Images and Containers. Reporting workflows can be performed from the “Reports” tab in the Container Security UI.

These vulnerability report templates are available:
- Image Vulnerability Report
- Container Vulnerability Report

Image Vulnerability Report
For each row in the report, you’ll see image details (e.g. Repository, Image ID, SHA, etc) followed by vulnerability details (e.g. QID, Title, Severity, etc) for a single detected vulnerability. If the image has multiple vulnerabilities it will be listed multiple times (e.g. 10 rows for 10 vulnerabilities on the same image).

Container Vulnerability Report
For each row in the report, you’ll see container details (e.g. Container Name, Container ID, Host Name, etc) followed by vulnerability details (e.g. QID, Title, Severity, etc) for a single detected vulnerability. If the container has multiple vulnerabilities it will be listed multiple times (e.g. 10 rows for 10 vulnerabilities on the same container).

Create Reports

Go to the Reports section (on the top menu) and click the Create Report button.

Walk through the Create New Report wizard. In the Report Details section, give your report a name and description. In the Report Source section, choose the report template for the type of report you want to create: Image Vulnerability or Container Vulnerability.

You may choose to add a search query to limit the report to certain images/containers. For an Image Vulnerability report, only the images that match your query will be included. For a Container Vulnerability report, only the containers that match your query will be included.
The **Report Display** page section shows you the types of details that can be included in the report. Simply select the check box next to each detail you want to include in the report. Your selections determine which columns appear in the CSV output. Note that certain details are selected by default and cannot be unchecked. Want to include all details? Pick the “Select All” option and all details will be included.

Click **Next** again to review the Report Summary and click **Submit** to generate your report job. Once saved, the report job cannot be edited.

Your report job will appear on the reports list with a status of **Accepted**. The status will change to **Completed** once the report is done and ready to download.

**View & Download Reports**

Choose **Download** from the Quick Actions menu for a completed report. The CSV report will be saved to your local downloads area. (Tip - Use the Search field above the reports list to quickly find a report using the search token reportName.)

**Delete Reports**

To delete a single report, choose **Delete** from the Quick Actions menu, as shown below. To delete multiple reports in bulk, select each row for the reports you want to delete and choose **Actions > Delete** above the reports list.
Compliance Scanning

Qualys supports compliance scanning/assessments of running containers and images. Perform Policy Compliance (PC) checks and configuration assessments on your running containers and images. We support a subset of controls from CIS Docker benchmarks, which are applicable to running containers and container images. Customers can assess configuration risks in their running containers and images and remediate them accordingly based on the Qualys findings.

Prerequisites

Upgrade your sensors to the latest version. Compliance Scanning support was added for General and CI/CD sensor mode in Container Security Sensor version 1.7.0 and added for Registry mode in Container Security Sensor version 1.9.0.

How it works

The updated Qualys Container Sensor runs an additional scan of configurations in containers, images and uploads additional scan metadata to the Qualys backend. Based on the scan metadata, the backend performs an assessment against various industry standard benchmarks and controls for compliance assessment. The compliance scans of containers, images will be transparent to customers and will function in a similar real-time cloud native manner like the vulnerability scanning feature. The configuration scan results will be available in the UI and the API. In the UI, view Image and Container details to get compliance posture (PASS or FAIL) and control information.

View compliance information

You’ll see compliance information in the UI for your images and containers, when this feature is enabled. On the Images list and Containers list, you’ll see a column called Compliance with the number of controls that have a posture of PASS and FAIL. Here’s a sample list of containers:
Easily search images and containers by control ID, control criticality (MINIMAL, MEDIUM, SERIOUS, CRITICAL, URGENT) and control posture (PASS, FAIL).

Drill down into the details for any image or container to see compliance information, including the list of controls that were scanned with control details (CID, criticality, statement, category, technologies).

Drill down into the details for any control to get control details, including the control category, policy and technologies.

Compliance information can also be fetched using Compliance APIs. You can fetch compliance posture for an image or container, fetch control details, or fetch a list of controls. See the Compliance section of the Qualys Container Security API Guide.
Administration

For information on sensor installation and troubleshooting, refer to the Qualys container Security Sensor Deployment Guide. See About Container Security Documentation.

Sensor updates

When an update is available you’ll see “Update Available” next to the sensor name.

Container sensor update is otherwise automatic, however if you are currently using the beta version of the sensor you need to update to the latest sensor version manually. Automatic update kicks off once you are on a version higher than the beta.

To manually update the sensor from beta to the latest version, download the QualysContainerSensor.tar.xz file from Qualys Cloud Portal and then run the following commands directly from the screen on the docker host.

**Untar the sensor package:**

```
sudo tar -xvf QualysContainerSensor.tar.xz
```

**Launch the new sensor:**

```
sudo ./installsensor.sh ActivationId=5e7e422a-alca-403f-9274-
506622dc5b28 CustomerId=a8cf7043-0245-6f1d-82f8-97f784652b93
Storage=/usr/local/qualys/sensor/data -s
```

Enter **Y** at the prompt asking you to upgrade 'Qualys-Container-Sensor' from version x.x.x to x.x.x.

The install script asks for proxy configuration. If you want to configure proxy, see Proxy Support.

Note: Once you have upgraded from the beta version to a higher version, future updates of Sensor are automatic.
How to uninstall sensor

The QualysContainerSensor.tar.xz file (which you download for sensor installation from Qualys Cloud Platform) has the script `uninstallsensor.sh` for uninstalling the sensor.

To uninstall a sensor:
If the docker host is configured to communicate over docker.sock, use the following command:

```bash
./uninstallsensor.sh -s
```

If the docker host is configured to communicate over TCP socket, then provide the address on which the docker daemon is configured to listen:

```bash
./uninstallsensor.sh DockerHost=<IPv4 address or FQDN>:<Port#> -s
```

Example:

```bash
./uninstallsensor.sh DockerHost=10.115.27.54:3128 -s
```

Follow the on-screen prompts to uninstall the sensor. Qualys recommends not to clear the persistent storage.