MS SQL Server 2005-2019

Thank you for your interest in authenticated scanning! When you configure and use authentication, you get a more in-depth assessment of your hosts, the most accurate results and fewer false positives. This document provides tips and best practices for setting up MS SQL Server authentication for MS SQL Server. For Windows, we support MS SQL Server 2005, 2008, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2017 and 2019. For Unix, we support MS SQL Server 2017 and 2019.

A few things to consider

Do I have to use authentication?
Yes, authentication is required for compliance scans. Choose the type of authentication you want to perform: Windows or Database (Unix or Windows). If you choose Windows, provide the name of the Windows domain where the account is stored. The domain name is required because the scanning engine must associate the operating system account with the MS SQL Server database account for authentication.

For Windows:
- If you are using VM, then only Windows Authentication is required for MS SQL databases on Windows.
- If you are using PC or SCA, then MS SQL Authentication is used. You can optionally use Windows authentication record for auto-discovery of Instance, Database, and Port.

Are my credentials safe?
Yes, credentials are exclusively used for READ access to your system. The service does not modify or write anything on the device in any way. Credentials are securely handled by the service and are only used for the duration of the scan.

What are the steps?
First, set up a SQL Server Authentication account and privileges on target hosts (we’ll help you with this below). Then, using Qualys Policy Compliance, complete these steps: 1) Add SQL Server authentication records. 2) Launch a compliance scan. 3) Run the Authentication Report to view the authentication status (Passed or Failed) for each scanned host.

SQL Server Setup

In order for the Qualys Compliance Scan to work properly on a SQL Server database, the following account and privileges must exist prior to running the compliance scan. Note – These scripts require a super-user account. For example, sa or an administrator domain account.

Please run the scripts provided below, in the order shown.
If creating a Windows authentication on the SQL Server, start with Step 1a.
If creating a SQL Server authentication on the SQL Server, start with Step 1b.

Interested in Amazon RDS? Jump to Amazon RDS for SQL Server for setup steps.
1a) Create a Windows Authentication Login for the Scan Account

This script creates a domain login for the user account to be used for scanning. Provide a domain name or local user account, and name of the target database before running the script. Tip – An admin needs to create the account on the host first. We recommend creating an account called QUALYS_SCAN.

USE [master]
GO
CREATE LOGIN [domain\QUALYS_SCAN] FROM WINDOWS WITH DEFAULT_DATABASE=[[name of database to scan]]
GO

1b) Create a SQL Server Authentication Login for the Scan Account

This script creates a database login for the user account to be used for scanning. Please provide a password and the name of the target database before running the script. Tip – We recommend creating an account called QUALYS_SCAN.

USE [master]
GO
CREATE LOGIN QUALYS_SCAN WITH PASSWORD=N'[[password]]', DEFAULT_DATABASE [name of database to scan], CHECK_EXPIRATION=ON, CHECK_POLICY=ON
GO

2) Create a User Account

This script creates a user account, called QUALYS_SCAN, in the master and/or target database.

USE [[name of database to scan]]
GO
CREATE USER [QUALYS_SCAN] FOR LOGIN [[username created in Step 1]]
GO

3) Grant Privileges to the Scan Account

Please run the scripts provided below to grant privileges to the scan account.
To grant the sysadmin role to the scan account, see Step 3a.
To grant restricted/read-only privileges to the scan account, see Step 3b.

3a) Grant Privileges to the Scan Account with Sysadmin Role

This script grants sysadmin role to the scan account for Windows authenticated login created in Step 1a.

EXEC master..sp_addsrvrolemember @loginame = N'domain\QUALYS_SCAN', @rolename = N'sysadmin'
GO

This script grants sysadmin role to the scan account for local SQL Server login created in Step 1b.

EXEC master..sp_addsrvrolemember @loginame = N'QUALYS_SCAN', @rolename = N'sysadmin'
GO
3b) Grant Privileges to the Scan Account with Restricted/Read-only Privileges

If you prefer to have a scan user without sysadmin role, follow these steps to grant privileges to the scan user created in Step 2:

USE [master]
GO
GRANT SELECT ON SYS.ALL_OBJECTS TO QUALYS_SCAN;
GRANT SELECT ON SYS.CONFIGURATIONS TO QUALYS_SCAN;
GRANT SELECT ON SYS.DATABASES TO QUALYS_SCAN;
GRANT SELECT ON SYS.DATABASE_PERMISSIONS TO QUALYS_SCAN;
GRANT SELECT ON SYS.SYSLOGINS TO QUALYS_SCAN;
GRANT SELECT ON SYS.TRACE_EVENTS TO QUALYS_SCAN;
GRANT SELECT ON SYS.TRACES TO QUALYS_SCAN;
GRANT SELECT ON SYS.SYSALTFILES TO QUALYS_SCAN;
GRANT SELECT ON SYS.SERVER_PRINCIPALS TO QUALYS_SCAN;

The following additional optional privileges are needed for certain controls in master database.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Privileges Needed</th>
<th>Control ID</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GRANT ALTER TRACE TO [scan login created in Step 1a or 1b];</td>
<td>2691, 3081, 3082, 3101, 3102, 3201, 4894, 4895, 4896, 4897, 4898, 4899, 4900, 4901, 4902, 4903, 4904, 4905, 4906, 4907, 4908, 4909, 4910, 4911, 4912, 4913, 4915, 4916, 4917, 4918, 4919, 4920, 4921, 4922, 4923, 4924, 4925, 4926, 4927, 4928, 4929, 4930, 4931, 7216, 7382, 10742, 10743, 10744, 10745, 10746, 10747, 10748, 10749, 10750, 11303, 11304, 11365</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRANT VIEW SERVER STATE TO [scan login created in Step 1a or 1b];</td>
<td>10615</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRANT VIEW ANY DEFINITION TO [scan login created in Step 1a or 1b];</td>
<td>11488, 11489, 11490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRANT EXECUTE ON XP_LOGINCONFIG TO [scan user created in Step 2];</td>
<td>3313, 9910</td>
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If you are intending to assess the msdb database, remember to create a scan user in msdb database and grant these privileges to assess the corresponding controls in msdb database.

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<tr>
<td>GRANT EXECUTE ON MSDB..SP_ENUM_LOGIN_FOR_PROXY TO [scan user created in Step 2 in msdb];</td>
<td>3304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRANT EXECUTE ON MSDB..SP_ENUM_PROXY_FOR_SUBSYSTEM TO [scan user created in Step 2 in msdb];</td>
<td>3314, 14791</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRANT SELECT ON MSDB..SYSPROXIES TO [scan user created in Step 2 in msdb];</td>
<td>10318</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GRANT SELECT ON MSDB..SYSPROXYLOGIN TO [scan user created in Step 2 in msdb];</td>
<td>11491</td>
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4) Verify Privileges on the Scan Account

Verify that the QUALYS_SCAN account has all the privileges in the database in order to run a successful compliance scan. Log into the database using the “QUALYS_SCAN” account, then run the following queries to see if access is available to the account.

<table>
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<th>Query</th>
<th>Expected Results</th>
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<tr>
<td>select top 1 1 permission from sys.all_objects</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>select top 1 1 permission from sys.configurations</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>select top 1 1 permission from sys.databases</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>select top 1 1 permission from sys.database_permissions</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>select top 1 1 permission from sys.syslogins</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>select top 1 1 permission from sys.trace_events</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>select top 1 convert(char(20),serverproperty('productversion'))</td>
<td>n.nn.nn.nn.nn</td>
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Did you get different results? Contact your SQL Server DBA to ensure that privileges are set up correctly.
Amazon RDS for SQL Server

1) Create a SQL Server Authentication Login for the Scan Account

This script creates a database login for the user account to be used for scanning. Please provide a password and the name of the target database before running the script. Tip – We recommend creating an account called QUALYS_SCAN.

USE master
CREATE LOGIN QUALYS_SCAN WITH PASSWORD=N'[password]', DEFAULT_DATABASE=[name of database to scan], CHECK_EXPIRATION=ON, CHECK_POLICY=ON;

GRANT ALTER TRACE TO QUALYS_SCAN;
GRANT VIEW ANY DEFINITION TO QUALYS_SCAN;
GRANT VIEW SERVER STATE TO QUALYS_SCAN;

USE msdb
CREATE USER QUALYS_SCAN FOR LOGIN QUALYS_SCAN;
GRANT EXECUTE ON MSDB..SP_ENUM_PROXY_FOR_SUBSYSTEM TO QUALYS_SCAN;
GRANT EXECUTE ON MSDB..SP_ENUM_LOGIN_FOR_PROXY TO QUALYS_SCAN;

2) Create a User Account

This script creates a user account, called QUALYS_SCAN, in the target database.

use [name of database to scan]
CREATE USER QUALYS_SCAN FOR LOGIN QUALYS_SCAN;
GRANT VIEW DEFINITION TO QUALYS_SCAN;
GRANT VIEW DATABASE STATE TO QUALYS_SCAN;

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